

CDAI calculation

Days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Sum	Sub-total
1. Number of liquid or very soft stools:	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	= _____	x2 = _____
2. Abdominal pain: (0 = none, 1 = mild, 2 = moderate, 3 = severe)	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	= _____	x5 = _____
3. General well-being (0 = generally well, 1 = slightly under par, 2 = poor, 3 = very poor, 4 = terrible)	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	= _____	x7 = _____
4. Number of 6 listed categories patient now has:								_____	x20 = _____
a. arthritis/arthralgia b. iritis/uveitis c. erythema nodosum/pyoderma gangrenosum/aphthous stomatitis d. anal fissure, fistula, or abscess e. other fistula f. fever over 100°F during past week									

Best WR, et al. Gastroenterology 1979, 77:843-846.

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5. Taking loperamide, diphenoxylate/atropine, or codeine phosphate for diarrhoea (0 = no, 1 = yes)									= ____ x30 = ____
6. Abdominal mass (0 = none, 2 = questionable, 5 = definite)									= ____ x10 = ____
7. Hematocrit ____ males (47-hematocrit) ____ females (42-hematocrit) Add or subtract according to sign ____									Subtotal = ____ x6 = ____
8. Body weight ____ Standard weight ____ (Indicate 1 = lb, 2 = kg) ____ Percent below standard weight (100 x [1– {body weight/standard weight}]) Add (underweight) or subtract (overweight) NB. A maximum deduction of -10 should be used for the weight score									= ____ x1 = ____
									CDAI =

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